

## Bias Variance Tradeoff.

Goal:

$$EPE(f) = E_{X,Y} [(Y - f(X))^2]$$

$$\rightarrow EPE(x_0) = E_{\epsilon} [(Y - f(x_0))^2]$$



$$P_{X,Y} : \left[ \begin{array}{l} X \text{ is not random} \\ \underline{Y = f^{\text{true}}(X) + \epsilon} \\ \epsilon \sim N(0, \sigma^2) \end{array} \right]$$

$$\{x_i, y_i\}_{i=1}^N \sim \underbrace{P_{xy} \times P_{xy} \times \dots \times P_{xy}}_N$$

Some joint dist  $\mathcal{Z}$

$$z_1, p_{z_1}$$

$$z_2, p_{z_2}$$

$$f(z_1, z_2) = z_1 + z_2$$

$$E_{z_1, z_2} [f(z_1, z_2)]$$

$$EPE(x_0) = E_{\varepsilon} E_{\mathcal{Z}} \left[ \underbrace{(y - \hat{f}(x_0))^2}_{\text{some joint dist } \mathcal{Z}} \right]$$

$\downarrow$   
 $\hat{f}$

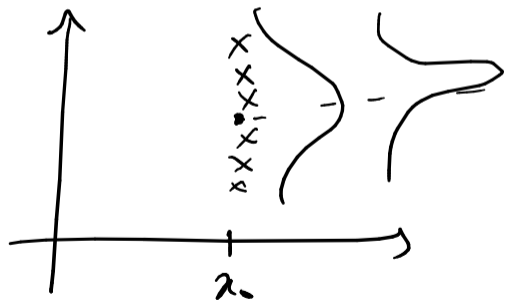
$$\textcircled{\star} \text{EPE}(x_0) = \sigma^2 + \text{Bias}^2(\hat{f}(x_0)) + \text{Var}_Z(\hat{f}(x_0))$$

$$\text{Var}_Z(\hat{f}(x_0))$$

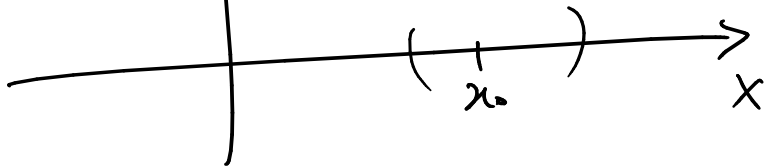
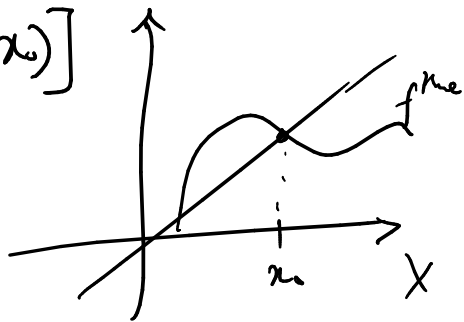
$$= E_Z[(\hat{f}(x_0) - C)^2]$$

$$\text{where } C = E_Z[\hat{f}(x_0)]$$

$$\text{Var}(Z) = E[(Z - E[Z])^2]$$



$$\text{Bias}(\hat{f}(x_0)) = f^{\text{true}}(x_0) - E_Z[\hat{f}(x_0)]$$



Eg: K-nn.

$$\hat{f}(x_0) = \frac{1}{K} \sum_{l=1}^K y_l$$

$l$  correspond to the  $l^{\text{th}}$  closest pt to  $x_0$ .

$$E_z[\hat{f}(x_0)] = \frac{1}{K} E_z[y_1 + \dots + y_K]$$

$$= \frac{1}{K} \sum_{l=1}^K f^{true}(x_0)$$

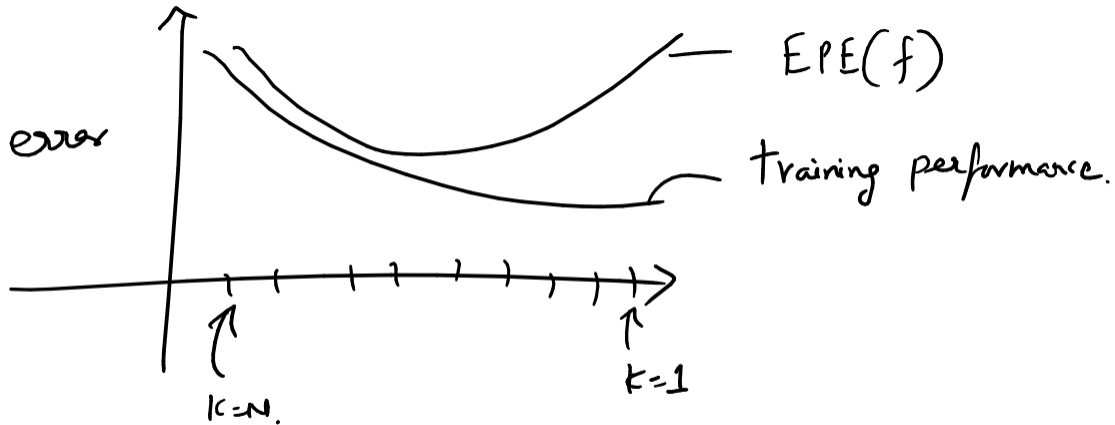
$$y_l = f^{true}(x_l) + \varepsilon_l$$

$$EPE(x_0) = \sigma^2 + \frac{\left( f^{he}(x_0) - \frac{1}{k} \sum_{l=1}^k f^{he}(x_l) \right)^2}{k}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}_z(\cdot) &= E_z \left[ \left( \frac{1}{k} \sum_{l=1}^k (f^{he}(x_l) + \varepsilon_l) - \frac{1}{k} \sum_{l=1}^k f^{he}(x_l) \right)^2 \right] \\ &= E_z \left[ \left( \frac{1}{k} \sum_{l=1}^k \varepsilon_l \right)^2 \right] = \frac{1}{k^2} \left[ \sigma^2 + \sigma^2 + \dots + \sigma^2 \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{\sigma^2}{k}$$

$$E[\varepsilon_l \varepsilon_j] = 0$$



Linear Regression  $\rightarrow \hat{\beta}_{p \times 1} = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T Y$

$p \times 1$ :

$X$  not random:

$$Y = X^T \beta + \varepsilon, \quad \varepsilon \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$$

Fact 1:  $\hat{\beta} \sim N(\beta, (X^T X)^{-1} \sigma^2)$

$$E[\hat{\beta}] = \beta \quad \text{⊛}$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{\beta}) = (X^T X)^{-1} \sigma^2$$



$$\text{Null: } \beta_j = 0$$

$$z_j = \frac{\hat{\beta}_j}{\delta \sqrt{v_j}} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$$

$$P(Z \geq |z_j|) < 2\alpha$$

Null

①  $\delta$  not known

②  $X_j \rightarrow \beta_j$  Nuance for Categorical variables

$$\hat{\beta}_{3 \times 1} \sim \mathcal{N}\left(0, \begin{bmatrix} v_1 & x & x \\ x & v_2 & x \\ x & x & v_3 \end{bmatrix} \sigma^2\right)$$

3x3

$$1d: Y = X^T \beta \quad X \text{ p dim.}$$

$$kd: Y_{k \times 1} = \underbrace{\beta^T}_{k \times p} X_{p \times 1}$$

||

$$Y_{1 \times k} = X \beta_{p \times k}$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{p \times k} = \underbrace{(X^T X)^{-1}}_{p \times p} \underbrace{X^T}_{p \times n} Y_{n \times k}$$

## Biasing :

- ① Subset selection
- ② Ridge regression
- ③ LASSO

$$P \rightarrow K$$

$$2^P - 1$$

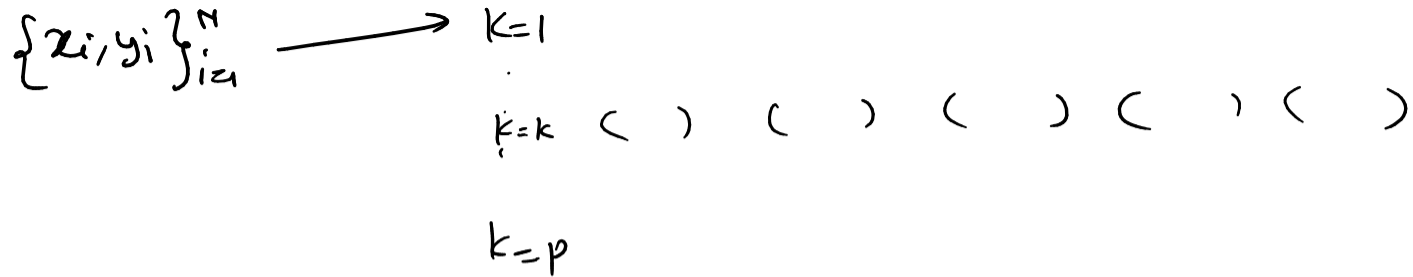
$$Y = 1X_1 + \epsilon$$

$$Y = 8X_{11} - 7X_{12}$$

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100 - 55



B. "Cross Validation"  $EPE(f) = E_{P_{X,Y}} [(f(x) - Y)^2]$

A. Simple training-validation split

B.C.V for K-NN ("warmup").

$$\{x_i, y_i\}_{i=1}^N$$



fold.  
m observation

$$N = 5m.$$

for each choice.

for each fold.

hold it out and get

$$\underbrace{\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (\hat{f}(x_i) - y_i)^2}_{\text{score}_1}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} (\text{score}_1 + \dots + \text{score}_5)$$

CV for subset selection.

for each subset size  $K$ .

for each subset

$\text{get\_score}(\text{subset})$

$\min(\text{scores for subsets of size } k)$

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$K=4$  with features  $(2, 5, 7, 9)$   $X_{10 \times 4}$

$\hat{\beta}$  using all data.